

Discover the Trees

74 Common Hackberry *Celtis occidentalis*

The Hackberry is a tough native tree that thrives in Middle Tennessee conditions. As it matures, the bark becomes warty, smooth, or scaly, making each tree distinctive and unique.



76 Chinkapin Oak *Quercus meuhlenbergii*

This stately oak is an attractive tree with increasingly distinctive bark as it ages. Great for Middle Tennessee, this tree grows to be 40 to 50 feet tall.



91 Paperbark Maple *Acer griseum*

This small maple has unusual exfoliating bark the color of cinnamon. The leaves turn a stunning russet-red in the fall. It is a small, slow growing tree, only reaching 20 to 30 feet in height.



104 White Ash *Fraxinus americana*

A common tree in the Middle Tennessee landscape, it reaches a height of 50 to 80 feet at maturity. The strong wood of this tree is used to make baseball bats.



106 Eastern Redcedar *Juniperus virginiana*

This stately tree is found all over Tennessee in open and wooded habitats. It grows slowly, reaching heights of 50 to 80 feet. The fragrant wood is used in making cabinets and chests.



109 River Birch *Betula nigra*

Exfoliating bark creates year-round interest on this fast growing shade tree. It grows to be 40 to 70 feet tall with a spread of 40 to 70 feet.



92 Eastern Redbud *Cercis canadensis*

After bright rose-purple pea-like flowers bloom, lovely green heart-shaped foliage follows, creating an accent in the garden. It grows to be 20 to 30 feet tall and wide.



110 Eastern White Pine *Pinus strobus*

A beautiful native pine tree that grows 50 to 80 feet tall at maturity. Needles are soft to the touch and arranged in bundles of five.



121 Red Oak *Quercus rubra*

This tough, native oak for Middle Tennessee is a fast grower. In the fall, leaves turn bright red. It grows to be 60 to 75 feet tall.



116 Common Crapemyrtle *Lagerstroemia indica*

This tree has year-round interest. In the winter, look for its stunning exfoliating bark. In the summer, bright blooms attract butterflies. In the fall, it has beautiful multi-colored foliage.



117 Flowering Dogwood *Cornus florida*

This classic native tree is known for its impressive spring show. Its gorgeous white flowers are actually bracts that surround the tiny yellow flowers in the center.



What is an arboretum?

A living collection of trees and shrubs cultivated and labeled for scientific and educational purposes. Cheekwood's arboretum is located throughout the historic 55 acres.

What are the benefits of an arboretum?

- Demonstrates a tree's performance under cultivated conditions.
- Educates and provides a resource for the community, showcasing trees that thrive in Middle Tennessee.
- Conserves trees like the Stinking Cedar, whose natural habitat is threatened.

Why are trees important?

- Provide shelter for wildlife.
- Produce oxygen for us. Trees act as giant filters and clean the air we breathe.
- Improve soil conditions and prevent erosion.
- Provide shade.
- Help to control and absorb noise pollution.
- Act as windbreaks.
- Add character to the landscape and create beautiful backdrops.
- Enhance the value of a property.



A Self-Guided

Arboretum Tour

Discover the Trees



9 Japanese Cedar *Cryptomeria japonica* 'Yoshino'

This evergreen conifer is a stately and graceful tree that is fast growing. At maturity, it reaches a height of 30 to 40 feet.

22 Lacebark Pine *Pinus bungeana*

Anytime of the year, this tree is magnificent. Be sure to notice the exfoliating bark and the layers of color on the trunk. It is a slow grower that reaches a height of 30 to 50 feet.



23 Trident Maple *Acer buergerianum*

Not your typical maple, this tree features exfoliating, richly textured bark. Dark green glossy leaves in the summer turn yellow, orange, or red in the late fall.



32 Evergreen Dogwood *Cornus elliptica*

This beautiful evergreen dogwood is native to China. Stunning white bracts, or modified leaves, appear in June and are followed by bright red fruits in the fall. It grows to be 18-20 feet tall.



46 Common Pawpaw *Asimina triloba*

Maroon flowers cover this native tree in spring, and striking golden foliage brightens the woodland garden in the fall. Fruits the size of apricots appear in late summer and are a favorite of wildlife.



47 Willow Oak *Quercus phellos*

The narrow leaves of this oak are similar to a willow's leaves. This tough native tree grows to be 40 to 60 feet tall.



51 Common Baldcypress *Taxodium distichum*

A stunning tree with great texture, this cypress grows to be 50 to 70 feet tall. Its needle-like foliage turns burnt orange in the fall, and the reddish brown bark creates interest in the winter.



52 Stinking Cedar *Torreya taxifolia*

A nearly extinct plant in the wild, Cheekwood is proud to display this rare tree for the public. Its stiff, evergreen yew-like foliage is present in the landscape all year.



56 Southern Magnolia *Magnolia grandiflora*

Bright white blooms appear throughout May and June with striking evergreen foliage behind it. This iconic tree of the southeastern United States grows to be 60 to 80 feet tall.



57 Tulip Poplar *Liriodendron tulipifera*

State tree of Tennessee, the tulip poplar is actually a member of the Magnolia family. It is a fast growing tree reaching a height of 70 to 90 feet. In the fall, the leaves turn a bright yellow.

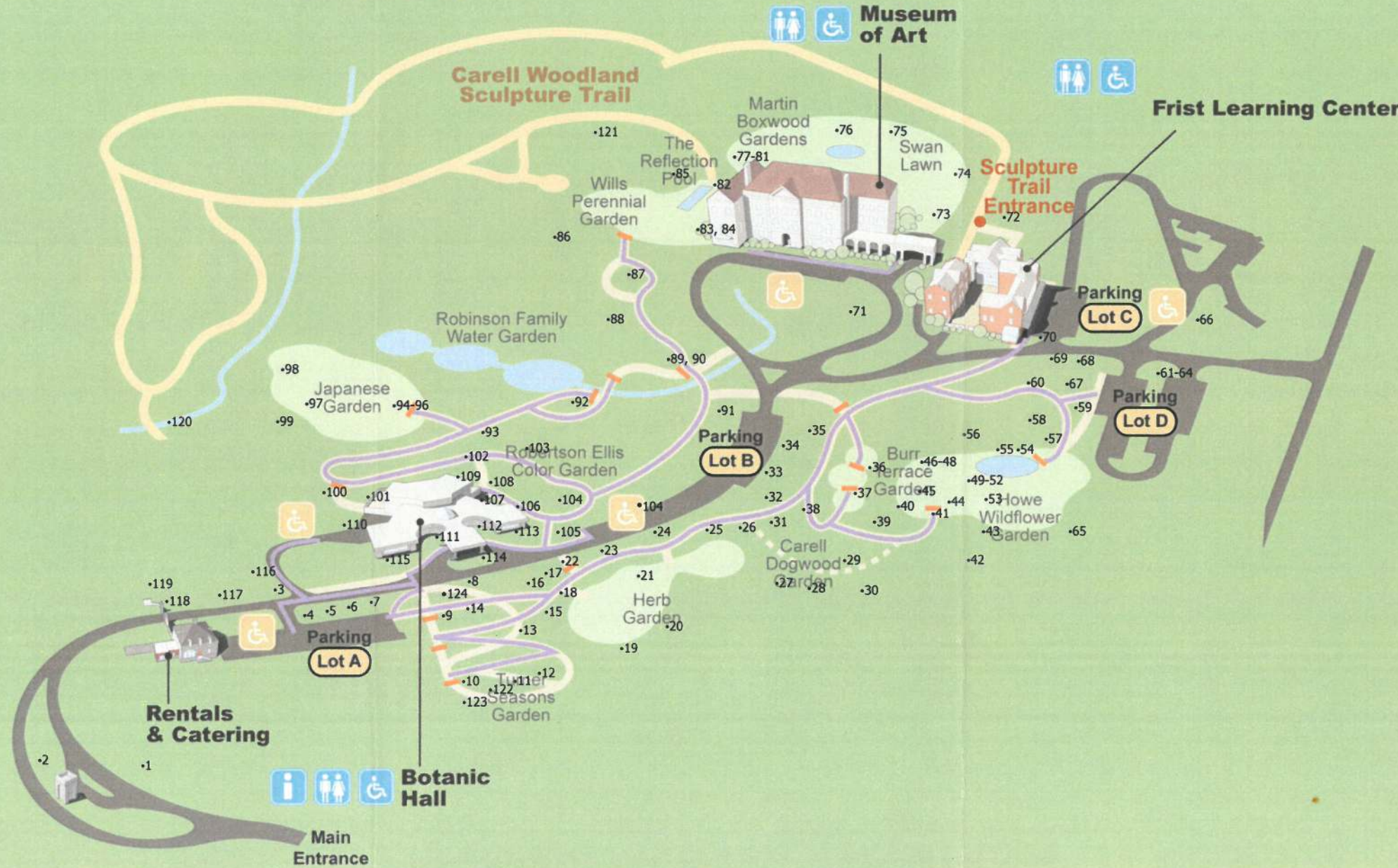


58 Sweetgum *Liquidambar styraciflua*

This sweetgum's stunning fall color of reds and purples with a splash of yellow will amaze you. But watch your bare feet. It produces hard and spiny fruits that drop in the fall and winter.



Wheelchair Access
No Wheelchair Access



- 1 *Quercus bicolor*
- 2 *Magnolia macrophylla*
- 3 *Cercis canadensis* 'JN2'
The Rising Sun™
- 4 *Ulmus parvifolia*
- 5 *Acer rubrum* 'October Glory'
- 6 *Quercus pagoda*
- 7 *Vitex angustifolia*
- 8 *Quercus lyrata*
- 9 *Cryptomeria japonica* 'Yoshino'
- 10 *Franklinia alatamaha*
- 11 *Stewartia koreana*
- 12 *Heptacodium miconioides*
- 13 *Acer truncatum*
- 14 *Ilex decidua* 'Warren's Red'
- 15 *Cornus mas*
- 16 *Chionanthus virginicus*
- 17 *Acer triflorum*

- Swamp White Oak
Bigleaf Magnolia
Eastern Redbud
- Chinese Elm
October Glory® Red Maple
Cherrybark Oak
Chastetree
Overcup Oak
Japanese Cedar
Franklinia
Korean Stewartia
Seven-son Flower
Purplebloss Maple
Possumhaw
Corneliancherry Dogwood
White Fringetree
Three-flower Maple

- 18 *Viburnum prunifolium*
- 19 *Fraxinus quadrangulata*
- 20 *Prunus caroliniana* 'Bright N' Tight™
- 21 *Magnolia acuminata* var.
subcordata 'Miss Honey Bee'
- 22 *Pinus bungeana*
- 23 *Acer buergerianum*
- 24 *Cedrus atlantica* 'Glaucous Pendula'
- 25 *Picea abies* 'Pendula'
- 26 *Cornus nuttallii*
- 27 *Cornus controversa*
- 28 *Acer pensylvanicum*
- 29 *Parrotia persica*
- 30 *Cornus alternifolia*
- 31 *Stewartia monadelphica*
- 32 *Cornus elliptica*
- 33 *Zelkova serrata* 'Village Green'
- 34 *Firmiana simplex*
- 35 *Tsuga canadensis*

- Blackhaw Viburnum
Blue Ash
Carolina Laurel
Yellow Cucumber tree

- Lacebark Pine
Trident Maple
Weeping Blue Atlas Cedar
Pacific Norway Spruce
Mountain Dogwood
Giant Dogwood
Striped Maple
Persian Ironwood
Pagoda Dogwood
Tall Stewartia
Evergreen Flowering Dogwood
Japanese Zelkova
Chinese Parasol Tree
Eastern Hemlock

- 35 *Tsuga canadensis*
- 36 *Styrax obassia*
- 37 *Acer henryi*
- 38 *Viburnum rufidulum*
- 39 *Aesculus pavia*
- 40 *Diospyros virginiana*
- 41 *Tilia heterophylla*
- 42 *Acer saccharum*
- 43 *Amelanchier laevis*
- 44 *Aesculus parviflora*
- 45 *Cornus drummondii*
- 46 *Asimina triloba*
- 47 *Quercus phellos*
- 48 *Hamamelis virginiana*
- 49 *Quercus nigra*
- 50 *Lindera benzoin*
- 51 *Taxodium distichum*
- 52 *Torreya taxifolia*

- Eastern Hemlock
Fragrant Snowbell
Henry's Maple
Rusty Blackhaw Viburnum
Red Buckeye
Common Persimmon
White Basswood
Sugar Maple
Allegheny Serviceberry
Bottlebrush Buckeye
Roughleaf Dogwood
Common Pawpaw
Willow Oak
Common Witchhazel
Water Oak
Spicebush
Common Baldcypress
Stinking Cedar

- 53 *Cladrastis kentukea*
 - 54 *Sassafras albidum*
 - 55 *Magnolia tripetala*
 - 56 *Magnolia grandiflora*
 - 57 *Liriodendron tulipifera*
 - 58 *Liquidambar styraciflua*
 - 59 *Ilex vomitoria* 'Shadow's Female#1'
 - 60 *Juglans nigra*
 - 61 *Picea abies*
 - 62 *Chamaecyparis thyoides* 'Red Star'
 - 63 *Cedrus deodara*
 - 64 *Sequoiadendron giganteum*
 - 65 *Oxydendrum arboreum*
 - 66 *Amelanchier canadensis*
 - 67 *Fagus sylvatica*
 - 68 *Gymnocladus dioica*
 - 69 *Carya ovata*
 - 70 *Quercus velutina*
 - 71 *Quercus montana*
 - 72 *Juniperus chinensis*
'Hetzi Columnaris'
 - 73 *Nyssa sylvatica*
 - 74 *Celtis occidentalis*
 - 75 *Acer palmatum*
 - 76 *Quercus meuhlenbergii*
 - 77 *Chamaecyparis nootkatensis*
'Glaucous Pendula'
 - 78 *Picea glauca* 'Rainbow's End'
 - 79 *Chamaecyparis pisifera* 'Mops'
 - 80 *Thuja occidentalis* 'Sunkist'
 - 81 *Pinus nigra x densiflora* 'Dawsey'
 - 82 *Ginkgo biloba*
 - 83 *Celtis laevigata*
 - 84 *Juniperus rigida*
 - 85 *Ilex opaca*
 - 86 *Metasequoia glyptostroboides*
 - 87 *Cornus kousa* var. *chinensis*
 - 88 *Cornus officinalis*
 - 89 *Salix caprea*
 - 90 *Coryllus avellana* 'Contorta'
 - 91 *Acer griseum*
 - 92 *Cercis canadensis*
 - 93 *Fagus grandifolia*
 - 94 *Pinus sylvestris*
 - 95 *Acer tataricum* subsp. *ginnala*
 - 96 *Pinus thunbergii*
 - 97 *Cotinus coggyria*
 - 98 *Chamaecyparis obtusa*
 - 99 *Pinus glabra*
 - 100 *Poncirus trifoliata* 'Flying Dragon'
 - 101 *Cercis canadensis* var. *texensis*
 - 102 *Prunus mume* 'Peggy Clark'
 - 103 *Maclura pomifera*
 - 104 *Fraxinus americana*
 - 105 *Chionanthus retusus*
 - 106 *Juniperus virginiana*
 - 107 *Quercus acutissima*
 - 108 *Viburnum opulus* 'Sterile'
 - 109 *Betula nigra*
 - 110 *Pinus strobus*
 - 111 *Carpinus betulus*
 - 112 *Crataegus crusgalli*
 - 113 *Magnolia virginiana*
 - 114 *Quercus rubra*
 - 115 *Koeleruteria bipinnata*
 - 116 *Lagerstroemia indica*
 - 117 *Cornus florida*
 - 118 *Quercus shumardii*
 - 119 *Hamamelis vernalis*
 - 120 *Quercus coccinea*
 - 121 *Quercus macrocarpa*
 - 122 *Magnolia* 'Kay Parris'
 - 123 *Hibiscus syriacus* 'Aphrodite'
 - 124 *Magnolia stellata*
- American Yellowwood
Common Sassafras
Umbrella Magnolia
Southern Magnolia
Tulip Poplar
American Sweetgum
Yaupon
Black Walnut
Norway Spruce
Atlantic White cedar
Himalayan Cedar
Sierra Redwood
Sourwood
Shadblow
European Beech
Kentucky Coffeetree
Shagbark Hickory
Black Oak
Chestnut Oak
- Hetz Green Columnar Juniper
Black Gum
Common Hackberry
Japanese Maple
Chinkapin Oak
- Weeping Alaskan Cedar
Alberta Spruce
Japanese Falsecypress
American Arborvitae
Dwarf Hybrid Pine
Ginkgo
Sugar Hackberry
Needle Juniper
American Holly
Dawn Redwood
Chinese Dogwood
Japanese Cornel Dogwood
Pussy Willow
Harry Lauder's Walking Stick
Paperbark Maple
Eastern Redbud
American Beech
Scotch Pine
Amur Maple
Japanese Black Pine
Smokebush
Hinoki Falsecypress
Spruce Pine
Trifoliata-orange
Texas Redbud
Japanese Apricot
Osage-orange
White Ash
Chinese Fringetree
Eastern Redcedar
Sawtooth Oak
European Cranberrybush Viburnum
River Birch
Eastern White Pine
European Hornbeam
Cocksbur Hawthorn
Sweetbay Magnolia
Red Oak
Bougainvillea Goldenraintree
Common Crape Myrtle
Flowering Dogwood
Shumard Oak
Vernal Witchhazel
Scarlet Oak
Bur Oak
Southern Magnolia
Rose of Sharon
Star Magnolia



- Botanical Name
- Common Name
- Family Name
- Origin